## Student-friendly mark scheme

Please note that this mark scheme is not the one used by examiners for making scripts. It is intended more as a guide to good practice, indicating where marks are given for correct answers. As such, it doesn't show follow-through marks (marks that are awarded despite errors being made) or special cases.

It should also be noted that for many questions, there may be alternative methods of finding correct solutions that are not shown here - they will be covered in the formal mark scheme.

## NOTES ON MARKING PRINCIPLES

Guidance on the use of codes within this mark scheme

M1 - method mark. This mark is generally given for an appropriate method in the context of the question. This mark is given for showing your working and may be awarded even if working is incorrect.

P1 - process mark. This mark is generally given for setting up an appropriate process to find a solution in the context of the question.

A1 - accuracy mark. This mark is generally given for a correct answer following correct working.

B1 - working mark. This mark is usually given when working and the answer cannot easily be separated.

C1 - communication mark. This mark is given for explaining your answer or giving a conclusion in context supported by your working.

Some questions require all working to be shown; in such questions, no marks will be given for an answer with no working (even if it is a correct answer).

Question 1 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Question 2 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $3 \times 3=9$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 3 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $20 \div 5=4$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 4 (Total 2 marks)


## Question 5 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working an or answer examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 6000 | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 6 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $20-6=14$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the amount spent on candles |
|  | $14 \div 2$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the number of candles Simon buys |
|  | 7 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 7 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $6 \times 4=24$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to work <br> out the value of $y$ using a correct <br> substitution |
|  | $24-5=19$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 8 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $45 \%=0.45$ and $\frac{1}{2}=0.50$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
|  | $45 \%, \frac{1}{2}, 0.55$ |  |  |

Question 9 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $2 \times 4=8$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 10 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working an or answer examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $\frac{4}{15}$ | B1 | This mark is given for a correct answer <br> only (accept as a decimal or a percentage) |
| (b) | $1-0.3=0.7$ | B1 | This mark is given for a correct answer <br> only (accept as a decimal or a percentage) |

Question 11 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $25 \div 10=2.5$ <br> or <br> $40 \div 10=4$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> out how much sugar Mia needs |
|  | $2.5 \times 40=100$ <br> or <br> $4 \times 25=100$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

## Question 12 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $240 \times 0.2=48$ | M1 | This mark is given for the first step in a <br> method to find the increase |  |
|  | $240+48$ | M1 | This mark is given for the second step in <br> a method to find the increase |
|  | 288 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

## Question 13 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working an or answer examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 10 or 12 | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |

## Question 14 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| For example: <br> $33+(2 \times 24.50)$ or $15+(2 \times 10)$ or $200-23$ | P1 | This mark is given for a start to the <br> process of finding the cost of the trip |  |
|  | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the cost of the tickets or the cost of the <br> meals |  |
|  | $23+33+(2 \times 24.50)+15+(2 \times 10)=140$ <br> or $23+82+35=140$ | P1 | This mark is given for a complete process <br> to find the cost of the trip |
|  | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |

## Question 15 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $-15+42$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the highest temperature |
|  | 27 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

## Question 16 (Total 3 marks)



Question 17 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | A | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (b)(i) | 0 <br> 0 | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{1}{8}$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

## Question 18 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\frac{3}{10}$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 19 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | This mark is given for correctly placing at <br> least one of the given values in the <br> diagram |  |  |

## Question 20 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $23 \div 4=5.75$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the greatest number of jars of coffee <br> Michael can buy |
|  | 5 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (b) | Michael is incorrect <br> For example: <br> $23 \div 2=11.5$, so Michael can buy 11 jars | C1 | This mark is given for a valid answer <br> support by correct reasoning |

## Question 21 (Total 3 marks)



## Question 22 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $4 e$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

## Question 23 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | 7 | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (b) | $4 n=24$ <br> $n=24 \div 4$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the value of $n$ |
|  | 6 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 24 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Working or answer an examiner might } \\ \text { expect to see }\end{array}$ | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $\frac{5}{12}+\frac{2}{12}$ | M1 |  |
|  | $\frac{7}{12}$ | A1 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { This mark is given for a correct answer } \\ \text { only (or an equivalent fraction) }\end{array}$ |
| (b) | $\frac{3 \times 5}{10 \times 8}=\frac{15}{80}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |$\quad$ M1 \(\left.\begin{array}{l}This mark is given for a method to <br>

multiply fractions <br>

or a method to simplify the calculation\end{array}\right]\)| A1 |
| :--- |

Question 25 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $\frac{1}{6} \times 120$ minutes $=20$ minutes | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> how long Elena used the swimming pool <br> for |
|  | $0.2 \times 120$ minutes $=24$ minutes | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> how long Elena used the gym for |
|  | $26-50-20-24$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> how long Elena spent in the cafe |
|  | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |  |
| (b) | No, she was 4 minutes late <br> For example: <br> 1.30 pm $+50+20+24=3.04 \mathrm{pm}$ | This mark is given for a valid answer <br> supported by correct working |  |

Question 26 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $40 \times 10=400$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

Question 27 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working an or answer examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | 60 | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (b) | $210-160=50$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (c) | $280-200=80$ <br> $90+110=200$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the number of children and the total <br> number of men and women from the <br> graph |
|  | $80: 200$ <br> (or equivalent, for example $8: 20)$ | This mark is given for a correct answer <br> only |  |

## Question 28 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $1-\frac{30}{100}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the probability the counter is not blue |
|  | $\frac{70}{100}$ | A1 | This mark is given for a correct answer <br> only |
| (b) | $30 \div 2=15$ <br> $3 \times 15=$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the number of green counters |
| 45 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |
| (c) | Bradley is not correct <br> For example: the total number of red and <br> yellow counters is 25 which cannot be <br> divided to give two equal whole numbers | C1 | This mark is given for a valid answer <br> supported by correct working |

## Question 29 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $100 \times 2$ or $90 \times 2$ or $100 \times 1.63$ <br> or <br> $100 \times 1.5$ or $90 \times 1.5$ or $92 \times 1.5$ | M1 | This mark is given for rounding one <br> figure appropriately (for example <br> rounding 92 to 90 or 100 or rounding <br> 1.63 to 2 or 1.5$)$ |
| 200 or 180 or 163 <br> or <br> 150 or 135 or 138 | A1 | This mark is given for a correct estimate <br> only |  |
| (b) | $29.6 \times 32=2.96 \times 10 \times 3.2 \times 10$ <br> $=9.472 \times 100$ <br> $=947.2$ | B1 | This mark is given for a correct answer <br> only |

## Question 30 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $15 t w$ | B1 | This mark is given for a correct answer <br> only (might be 15wt) |

## Question 31 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $160 \div(3+7)=16$ | P1 | This mark is given for the first step in a process to find the number of cars |
|  | $16 \times 3=48$ | P1 | This mark is given for a full process to find the number of cars |
|  | $48 \times \frac{1}{8}=6$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the number of cars that use electricity |
|  | $48 \times 0.25=12$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the number of cars that use diesel |
|  | $48-6-12=30$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer only |

Question 32 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| For example: <br> $250 \times 2 \rightarrow 125 \times 2 \rightarrow 25 \times 5 \rightarrow 5 \times 5$ | M1 | This mark is given for a complete <br> method to find the prime factors (could <br> be shown on a factor tree) |  |
|  | $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find a <br> complete factorisation |
|  | $2^{2} \times 5^{3}$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |


| 1MA1-Aiming for 4 (Set 5) |  | Mean score | Max score | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mean } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Edexcel averages: mean scores of students who achieved grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ALL |  |  | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | U |
| 1 | Linear and non-linear sequences of diagrams and numbers |  | 1.89 | 2 | 95 | 1.89 | 1.99 | 1.97 | 1.94 | 1.89 | 1.75 | 1.35 |
| 2 | Transformations | 0.92 | 1 | 92 | 0.92 | 0.99 | 0.98 | 0.95 | 0.90 | 0.80 | 0.60 |
| 3 | Apply four operations | 2.70 | 3 | 90 | 2.70 | 2.97 | 2.93 | 2.84 | 2.64 | 2.18 | 1.47 |
| 4 | Roots and powers | 0.92 | 1 | 92 | 0.92 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.94 | 0.89 | 0.77 | 0.69 |
| 5 | BIDMAS and inverse operations | 0.95 | 1 | 95 | 0.95 | 0.99 | 0.97 | 0.96 | 0.93 | 0.84 | 0.71 |
| 6 | Apply four operations | 0.88 | 1 | 88 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.96 | 0.92 | 0.86 | 0.71 | 0.45 |
| 7 | Substitute values into formulae and expressions | 1.53 | 2 | 77 | 1.53 | 1.97 | 1.91 | 1.75 | 1.35 | 0.66 | 0.24 |
| 8 | Order numbers | 0.76 | 1 | 76 | 0.76 | 0.98 | 0.94 | 0.85 | 0.66 | 0.38 | 0.19 |
| 9 | Pictograms | 0.92 | 1 | 92 | 0.92 | 0.95 | 0.94 | 0.93 | 0.92 | 0.89 | 0.76 |
| 10 | Probabilities of an exhaustive set of outcomes | 1.46 | 2 | 73 | 1.46 | 1.96 | 1.86 | 1.64 | 1.22 | 0.65 | 0.29 |
| 11 | Solve problems involving direct and inverse proportion | 1.52 | 2 | 76 | 1.52 | 1.94 | 1.85 | 1.66 | 1.33 | 0.87 | 0.45 |
| 12 | Percentages and problems involving percentage change | 1.93 | 3 | 64 | 1.93 | 2.91 | 2.74 | 2.24 | 1.24 | 0.42 | 0.16 |
| 13 | Primes, factors, multiples | 0.85 | 1 | 85 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.91 | 0.87 | 0.79 | 0.68 | 0.58 |
| 14 | Apply four operations | 3.45 | 4 | 86 | 3.45 | 3.79 | 3.63 | 3.51 | 3.30 | 2.90 | 2.45 |
| 15 | Apply four operations | 1.53 | 2 | 77 | 1.53 | 1.91 | 1.81 | 1.64 | 1.38 | 0.95 | 0.50 |
| 16 | Bar charts | 2.48 | 3 | 83 | 2.48 | 2.80 | 2.68 | 2.54 | 2.37 | 2.10 | 1.54 |
| 17 | Probability outcomes | 2.41 | 3 | 80 | 2.41 | 2.87 | 2.68 | 2.47 | 2.20 | 1.77 | 1.56 |
| 18 | Terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions | 0.80 | 1 | 80 | 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.89 | 0.82 | 0.73 | 0.64 | 0.52 |
| 19 | Theoretical probability; appropriate language; 0-1 probability scale | 3.83 | 5 | 77 | 3.83 | 4.54 | 4.37 | 4.12 | 3.66 | 2.63 | 1.24 |
| 20 | Apply four operations | 2.41 | 3 | 80 | 2.41 | 2.79 | 2.61 | 2.45 | 2.26 | 1.94 | 1.83 |
| 21 | Stem and leaf diagrams | 1.85 | 3 | 62 | 1.85 | 2.75 | 2.46 | 2.00 | 1.39 | 0.70 | 0.23 |
| 22 | Simplify and manipulate expressions using laws of indices | 0.73 | 1 | 73 | 0.73 | 0.90 | 0.81 | 0.73 | 0.66 | 0.61 | 0.51 |
| 23 | Solve linear equations | 1.93 | 3 | 64 | 1.93 | 2.82 | 2.36 | 2.02 | 1.52 | 1.16 | 1.10 |
| 24 | Calculate exactly with fractions | 2.28 | 4 | 57 | 2.28 | 3.65 | 3.13 | 2.33 | 1.52 | 0.89 | 0.51 |
| 25 | Units of mass, length, time, money and other measures (including standard compound measures) | 2.81 | 5 | 56 | 2.81 | 4.47 | 3.87 | 3.02 | 1.78 | 1.04 | 0.93 |
| 26 | Change between standard units and compound units | 0.67 | 1 | 67 | 0.67 | 0.87 | 0.77 | 0.67 | 0.59 | 0.49 | 0.32 |
| 27 | Ratio in real context | 2.45 | 4 | 61 | 2.45 | 3.53 | 3.03 | 2.53 | 1.95 | 1.48 | 1.30 |
| 28 | Ratio in real context | 2.80 | 5 | 56 | 2.80 | 4.39 | 3.74 | 2.96 | 1.91 | 1.29 | 1.02 |
| 29 | Apply four operations | 1.54 | 3 | 51 | 1.54 | 2.58 | 2.24 | 1.68 | 0.90 | 0.29 | 0.10 |
| 30 | Algebraic manipulation | 0.64 | 1 | 64 | 0.64 | 0.83 | 0.70 | 0.64 | 0.60 | 0.52 | 0.37 |
| 31 | Ratio in real context | 1.94 | 5 | 39 | 1.94 | 4.39 | 3.32 | 1.69 | 0.50 | 0.15 | 0.04 |
| 32 | Primes, factors, multiples | 1.38 | 3 | 46 | 1.38 | 2.48 | 1.95 | 1.45 | 0.89 | 0.48 | 0.31 |
|  |  | 55.16 | 80 |  | 55.16 | 73.83 | 66.98 | 57.76 | 45.73 | 33.63 | 24.32 |

## Suggested grade boundaries

| Grade | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mark | 70 | 62 | 52 | 40 | 30 |

